

## BioBricks: GMK TK30

**Investigator: Bea**

Cloning strategy for preparation of inserting sr39 and subclone it into pAAV iGEM MCS

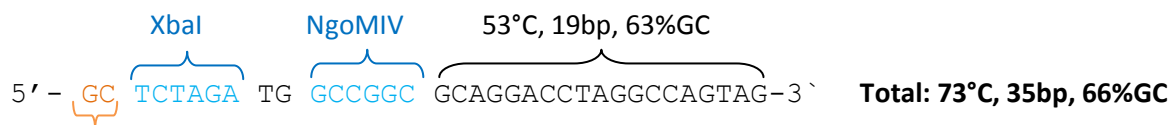
1. Design Primers for inserting prefix and suffix to fusion enzyme mgmk\_tk30 in RFC25
2. Perform PCR to insert mgmk\_tk30 in RFC25 standard
  - a. *Remember: do not use NgoMIV and PstI for cloning!!*
3. Ligation of PCR product into pAAV\_iGEM\_MCS with **XbaI** and **AgeI**
4. pAAV\_iGEM\_mgmk\_tk30 ready for cell culture

### Primers

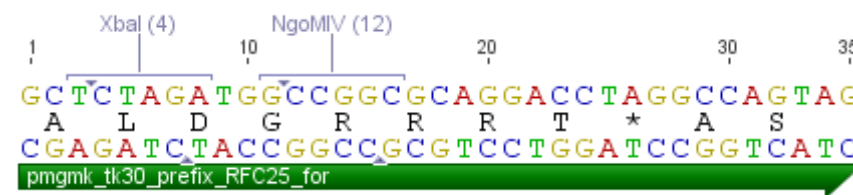
➔ **New order because of wrong primers** (the old primer contained the start- and stop from the coding sequence of the enzyme. These are not needed in the iGEM standard).

#### mGMK\_TK30 - Prefix-Primer (in RFC25)

Forward: pMGMK\_TK30\_prefix RFC25\_for

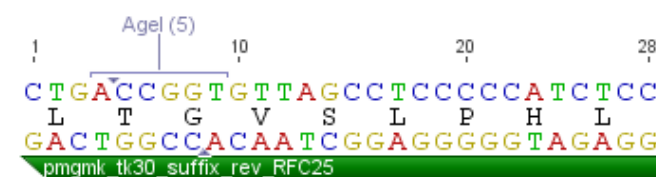


Extra bases



#### mGMK\_TK30 - Suffix-Primer (in RFC25)

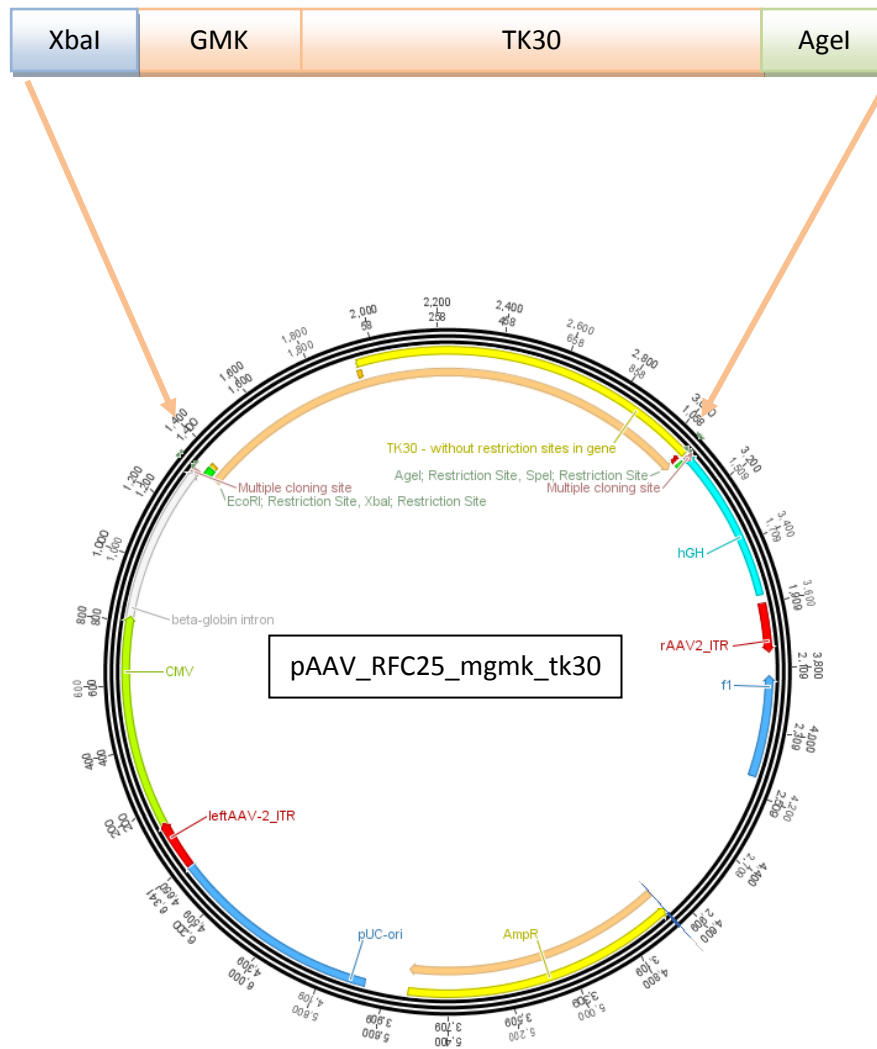
Reverse: pMGMK\_TK30\_suffix RFC25\_rev



## Cloning strategy

Digest vector pAAV\_RFC25 with XbaI and AgeI

1. Digest PCR product with XbaI and AgeI
2. Ligate PCT product and vector



### Remember:

Extra bases if restriction enzymes cut near end (5' and 3')

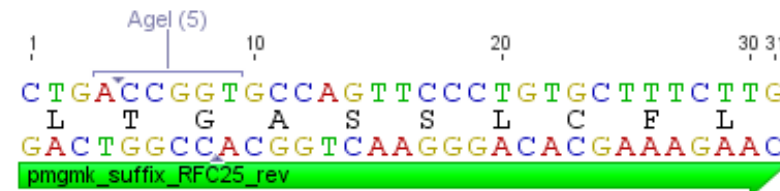
[http://www.neb.com/nebecomm/tech\\_reference/restriction\\_enzymes/cleavage\\_oligonucleotides.asp](http://www.neb.com/nebecomm/tech_reference/restriction_enzymes/cleavage_oligonucleotides.asp)

**mGMK – Suffix Primer (in RFC25)**

Reverse: pMGMK\_suffix RFC25\_rev

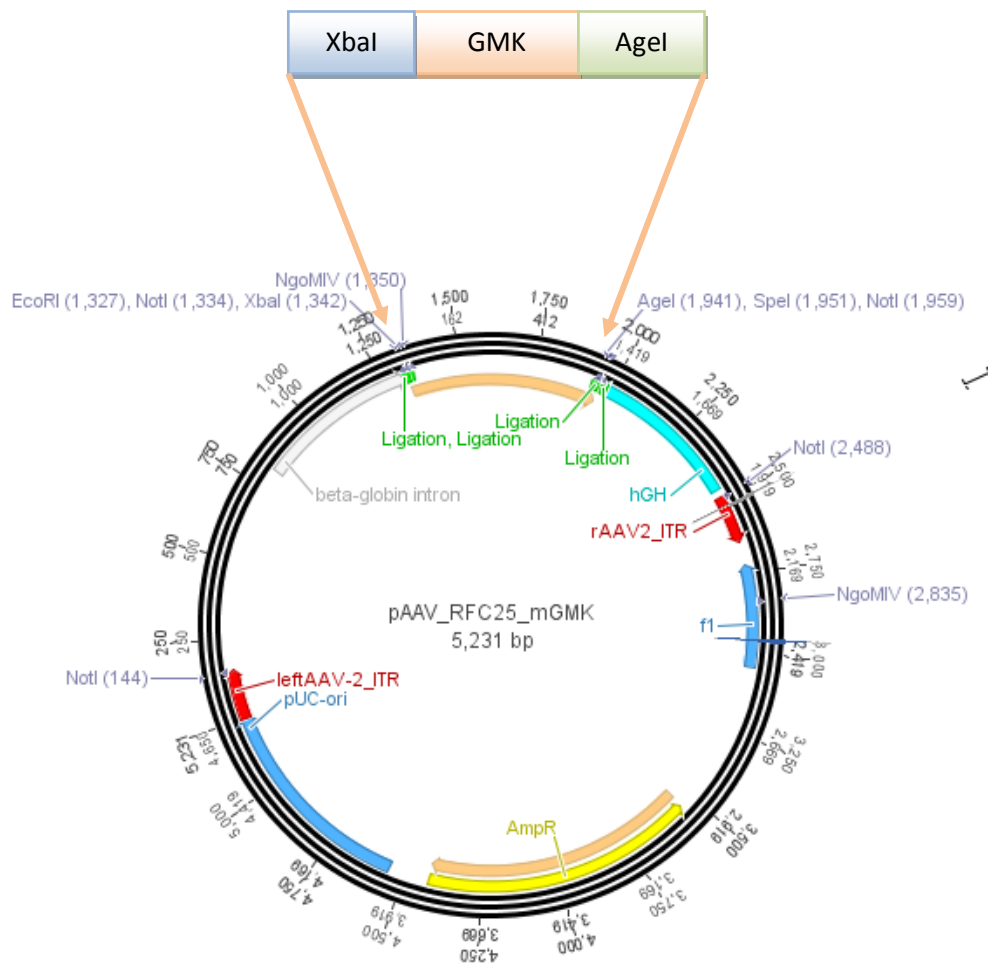
Agel 22p, 57°C, 55%

5' -CTG ACCGGT GCCAGTTCCTGTGCTTTCTTG-3'

**Total: 67°C, 31bp, 58%GC****Cloning strategy:**

Ligation of PCR product mGMK with RFC25 add-ons into pAAV\_RFC25

- Digest with XbaI and Agel and ligate into vector which was digested with XbaI and Agel as well



## Gene synthesis of TK30:

Amino acid composition in mutant and wt TK

	152	159	160	161	168	169
wtTK	A	L	I	F	A	L
Tk30	V	I	L	A	Y	F
Sr39	A	I	F	L	F	M

**Tk30:** containing no restriction sites in the coding sequence. Prefix (NcoMIV) and Suffix (AgeI and SpeI) in RFC25 standard.

**Basepairs: 1129 bp**

5'-

NcoMIV

**GCCGGC**GCGTCTGCGTTCGACCAGGCTGCGGTTCTCGGGCCATAGCAACCGACGTACGGCGTTGCGCCCT**C**  
**GGCGG**CAGCAAGAAGCCACGGAAGTCCGCCCGGAGCAGAAAATGCCACGCTACTGCGGGTTTATATAGAC  
GGTCCCCACGGGATGGGGAAAACCACCACCACGCAACTGCTGGTGGCCCTGGGTTGCGCGACGATATCGTC  
TACGTACCCGAGCCGATGACTTACTGGCGGGTGCTGGGGGCTTCCGAGACAATCGCGAACATCTACACCACAC  
AACACCGCCTCGACCAGGGTGAGATATCGGCCGGGGACGCGGCGGTGGTAATGACAAGCGCCAGATAACA  
ATGGGCATGCCTTATGCCGTGACCGACGCCGTTCTGGCTCCTCATATCGGGGGGAGGCTGGGAGCTCACATG  
TCCCCCCCCGGCCCTCACCATTTGGCTGACCGCCATCCCATCGCCTATTTCTGTGCTACCCGGCCGCGCGGT  
ACCTTATGGGCAGCATGACCCCCAGGCCGTGCTGGCGTTGCTGGCCCTCATCCCCGCCGACCTTGCCCCGGCACC  
AACATCGTGCTTGGGGCCCTCCGGAGGACAGACACATCGACCGCCTGGCCAAACGCCAGCGCCCCGGCGAG  
CGGCTGGACCTGGCTATGCTGGCTGCGATTGCGCGGTTTACGGGCTACTTGCCAATACGGTGCGGTAT**CTGC**  
**AA**TGCGGGCGGGTCGTGGCGGGAGGACTGGGGACAGCTTTCGGGGACGGCCGTGCCGCCCCAGGGTGCCGA  
GCCCCAGAGCAACGCGGGCCACGACCCCATATCGGGGACACGTTATTTACCCTGTTTCGGGGCCCCGAGTTG  
CTGGCCCCAACGGCGACCTGTATAACGTGTTTGCCTGGGCCTTGACGTCTTGCCAAACGCCTCCGTTCCAT  
GCACGTCTTTATCCTGGATTACGACCAATCGCC**CGCCGG**GTGCCGGGACGCCCTGCTGCAACTTACCTCCGG  
GATGGTCCAGACCCACGTCACCACCCCGGCTCCATACCGACGATATGCGACCTGGCGCGCACGTTTGCCCCG  
GAGATGGGGGAGGCTAAC**ACCGGT**TAAT**ACTAGT**-3'

AgeI

SpeI

### Left ITR:

5'-

GAATTCGCGGCCGCTTCTAGAGTTGGCCACTCCCTCTCTGCGCGCTCGCTCGCTCACTGAGGCCGGGCGACCA  
AAGGTCGCCGACGCCGGGCTTTGCCCGGGCGGCCTCAGTGAGCGAGCGAGCGCGCAGAGAGGGAGTGCC  
CAACTCCATCACTAGGGGTTCTTACTAGTAGCGGCCGCTGCAG -3'

## Cloning strategy:

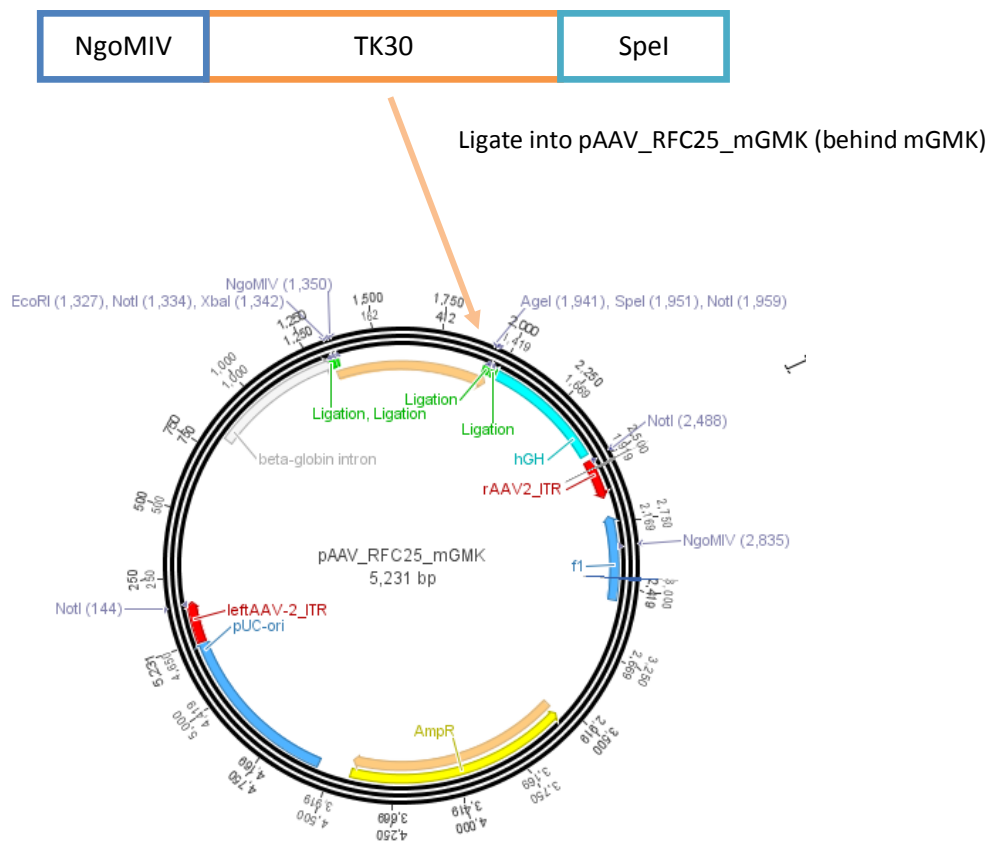
### Obtained construct of gene synthesis

NgoMIV - TK30 - AgeI-SpeI----EcoRI- NotI-XbaI- ITR - SpeI-NotI-PstI

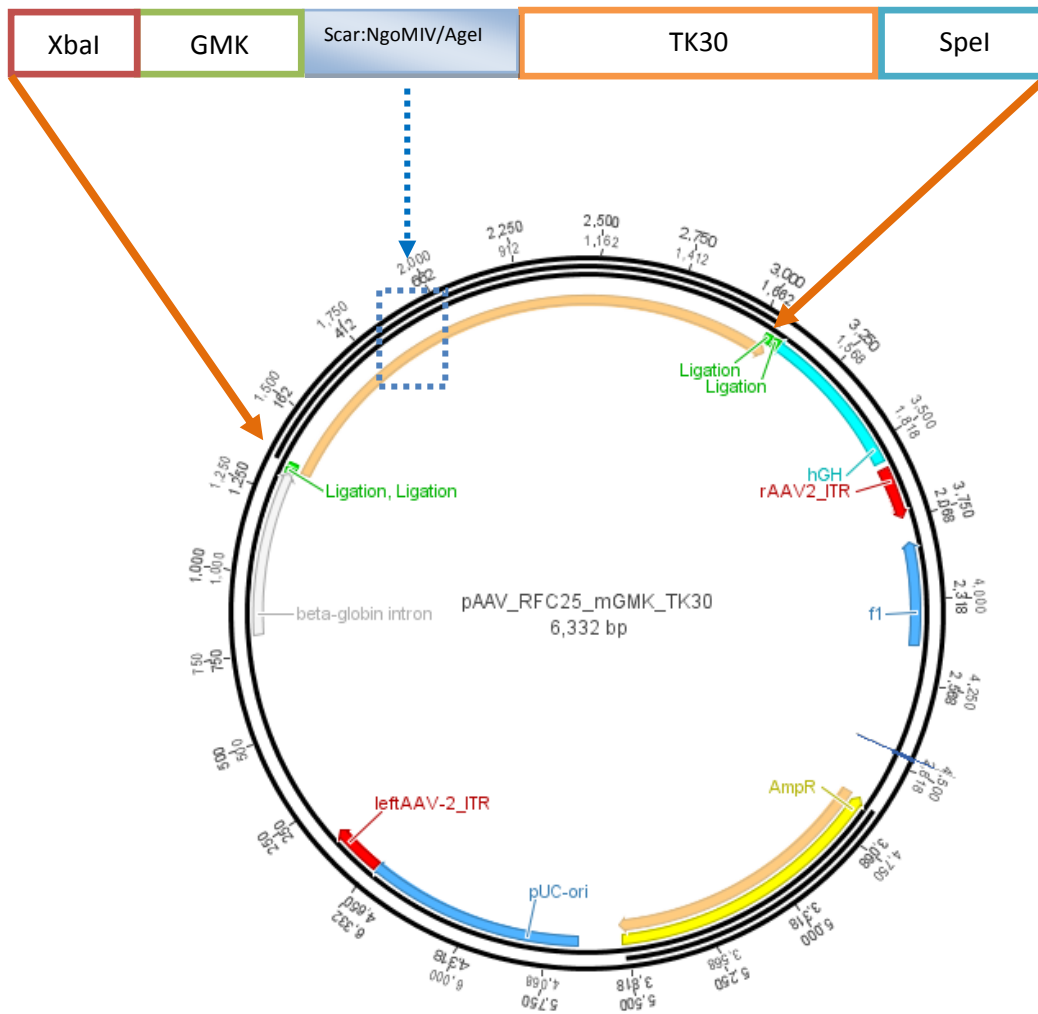
3. Digest with NgoMIV and SpeI to obtain TK30 which can be separated on an agarose gel
4. Digest with EcoRI and PstI to obtain ITR which can be separated on an agarose gel

### Ligation

1. Cut pAAV\_RFC25\_mGMK with AgeI and SpeI
2. Ligation leads to a scar between mGMK and tk 30 because of fusing tk30 to mGMK.



Final product: pAAV\_RFC25\_mGMK\_tk30 (without restriction sites in gmK\_tk construct)



**For sending it to parts registry:**

1. Use *pSB1C3\_CFP* for submitting BioBricks to partsregistry
2. Digest pSB1C3 with XbaI and Agel or EcoRI and SpeI
3. Digest pAAV\_RFC25\_mGMK\_TK30 with XbaI and Agel or EcoRI and SpeI
4. Ligation of insert (mGMK\_tk30 into pSB1C3) into pSB1C3

## Gene synthesis of sr39:

### Idea:

Amino acid composition in mutant TKs and wt TK differ in only five or six amino acids which are located nearby. For gene synthesis of sr39 there is no need to order the whole gene. Therefore only a part of the sr39 gene which contains desired mutations is synthesized and has been ordered.

	152	159	160	161	168	169
wtTK	A	L	I	F	A	L
Tk30	V	I	L	A	Y	F
Sr39	A	I	F	L	F	M

### Part of sr39

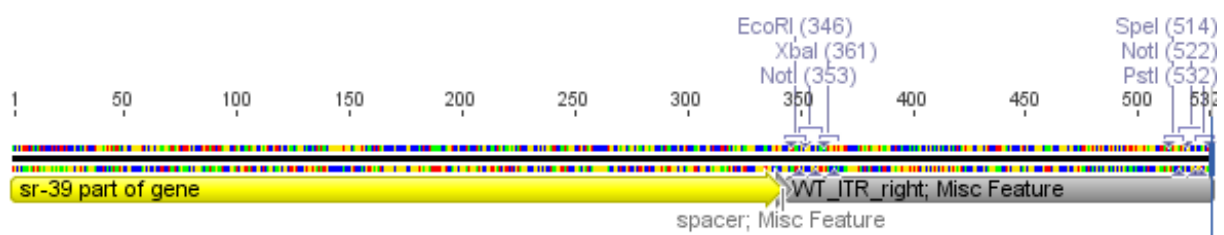
Bases: 340 bp

#### NruI

5' **TCGCGA**ACATCTACACCACACAACACCGCCTCGACCAGGGTGAGATATCGGCCGGGGACGCGGCGGTGGTA  
ATGACAAGCGCCCAGATAACAATGGGCATGCCTTATGCCGTGACCGACGCCGTTCTGGCTCCTCATATCGGGG  
GGGAGGCTGGGAGCTCACATGCCCCGCCCCGGCCCTACCATTTTCTGGACCGCCATCCCATCGCCTTCATG  
CTGTGCTACCCGGCCGCGCGGTACCTTATGGGCAGCATGACCCCCAGGCCGTGCTGGCGTTCGTGGCCCTCA  
TCCCGCCGACCTTGCCCGGCACCAACATCGTGCTTGGGGCCCT**TCGGGA** -3'

#### BspEI

### Ordered gene:



### Cloning strategy:

5. Cut pAAV\_iGEM\_GMK\_TK30 with *NruI* and *BspEI* which cut in TK30 sequence in pAAV\_RFC25\_mGMK\_TK30 once
6. Digest sr39 part of gene with *NruI* and *BspEI* and separate it from the right ITR
7. Insert **part of sr39** gene into digested pAAV\_iGEM\_GMK\_TK30

NruI (blunt cutter)

BspEI (cutter with overhang)

